

JERUSALEM, MONBAZ STREET: THE COINS

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Seventy-two coins were found in the excavation along Monbaz Street in Jerusalem (see Sion and Rapuano 2018). Of these, 9 were modern and are not reported here. Of the rest, 42 were identifiable and are presented here (Fig. 1; see Catalogue, below). All the coins are bronze, except No. 38, which is billon.

The contexts of the coins provide only partial support for the chronological conclusions of the excavators, who based their conclusions primarily on the ceramic finds. This seems justified due to the heavily disturbed nature of the remains and the small size of many of the stratified coins, as the post-depositional location of such coins is more likely to shift.

Of the stratified coins found in Stratum II, which was dated by the excavators to the late Byzantine period (mid-sixth to the beginning of the seventh centuries CE), most relevant is a *follis* of Justin I (No. 32). It was unearthed in Room 4, within the ashy layer that covered Floor 571. This coin conforms reasonably well with the ascription of the floor to Stratum II.



Fig. 1.

The suggested date of two cast coins (fifth–sixth centuries CE)—one found in the makeup of Floor 566 in Room 5 (No. 30), the other in a floor bedding in Room 2 (No. 31)—seems to fit the date ascribed to Stratum II. The latter is a rather rare coin: a small cast bronze struck in Egypt, which imitates an Axumite coin of Ezana or one of his successors. The most recent publication of such an imitation, from Ashqelon (Bijovsky 2004:113), noted that these coins have been found in several excavations and date from the mid-fifth to the mid-sixth centuries CE.

However, two other coins found in Stratum II (Nos. 23 and 25) are earlier in date: both were struck in the last quarter of the fourth century CE. The appearance of these coins in a mid–sixth century–seventh centuries CE context accords with Bijovsky’s claim that many fourth century CE coins remained current well after their emission date (Bijovsky 2000–2002:205–206).

Stratum I, like Stratum II, was ascribed by the excavators to the late Byzantine period, but it is slightly later in date (early seventh century CE). A half *follis* of Maurice (588/9 CE; No. 33) found in Fill 514 above Floor 544—a patch of cobblestones in Room 6—is likely to be associated with the occupation of the room. The same locus yielded a later coin, an Umayyad *fals* (No. 35), which is much smaller (1.06 g) and may have been intrusive, if the stratum’s early seventh century CE date is to be accepted. Two coins (Nos. 22, 24) found within the makeup of a Stratum I cobblestone surface (L547), probably a floor, date squarely within the fourth century CE: No. 22 dates between 351 and 361 CE, and No. 24 dates between 383 and 395 CE. These coins are small and may be residual finds, as their dates do not conform with the Stratum’s early seventh century CE date.

Other aspects of the coin assemblage are noteworthy. Half of the identified coins date from the late second or first century BCE and the first century CE, although one coin (No. 21) may date from the following century. Along with the pottery from this time period (see Rapuano 2018: Figs. 1:1, 2; 4:1–3; 5:1–4; 9:1, 2), these coins confirm the excavators’ conclusion that a Second Temple period occupation or other contemporaneous activity took place in the vicinity of the excavation area. Similarly, two Mamluk (Nos. 38, 39) and two Ottoman (Nos. 40, 41) coins, dating from the fifteenth through the early seventeenth centuries CE, are evidence of activity at the site during these periods.

Finally, the assemblage includes another noteworthy coin: a rare Umayyad *fals* minted in Ba‘labakk (No. 35). To my knowledge, only two similar coins have heretofore been published: from Tiberias (Berman 2004:232, No. 78) and from Bet She’an (Amitai-Preiss 2006:613, No. 35).

CATALOGUEⁱ

Cat. No.	Locus	Basket	Weight (g)	Diam. (mm)	Axis	Obverse	Reverse	Date (CE)	Mint	Reference	Notes	IAA No.
Hasmoneans												
1	539	1078/1	2.31	16		[ΒΑΣΙΛΕΩΣ ΙΑΝΝΑΙΟΥ]	[---] between rays of 8-rayed star within diadem	104–80/79	Jerusalem	TJC:209, Subgroup K19 Ariel and Hirschfeld 2005:85		125482
2	523	1047/1	2.55	14×16		[---] Inverted anchor	[---] Same.	Same	Same	TJC:209–210, Group K		125474
3	504	1059/1	0.93	12×14		ΒΑΣΙΛΕΩΣ ΑΙΓΑΙΟΥ	[---] Same.	Same	Same	Same		125465
4	567	1155/1	1.06	11×13		[---] Anchor in circle	תְּהִלָּה אַלְפָאַלְפָה	80/79 BCE	Same	Cf. TJC:210, Subgroup L1–6	Barbaric letters	125497
5	509	1037	0.58	10		[---] Anchor?	Star	Same	Same	Cf. TJC:210, Subgroups L7–14		125469
6*	523	1047/2	1.79	15		[---]/[---] within wreath	τύραννος της πόλεως Double cornucopiae; between them, pomegranate.	Same	Same	TJC:215, Group S.		125475
7	504	1059/2	1.23	10×15		—	—	80/79 BCE	Same	Cf. TJC:210, Subgroups L7–14	Unstruck flan	125466
Mattathias Antigonus (40–37 BCE)												
8*	505	1016	13.83	23	↑	Double cornucopiae; around and between paleo-Hebrew inscription:	Wreath of ivy leaves; around, Greek inscription: ΒΙΑΣΙΛΕΩΣ ΑΝΤΙΓΟΝΟΥ	40–37 BCE	Same	TJC:218, No. 36		125467
9	544	1011	1.44	13	↑	In wreath: [נ]י[ל]בָּ[א] [---] [---] [---]	Double cornucopiae with pomegranate between horns	Same	Same			125484

ⁱ Coins marked with an asterisk appear in Fig. 1.

CATALOGUE (cont.)

Cat. No.	Locus	Basket	Weight (g)	Diam. (mm)	Axis	Obverse	Reverse	Date (CE)	Mint	Reference	Notes	IAA No.
10	536	1071	1.81	14	↗	רַבָּ[- -]/[- -] תְּבִן						125498
11	572	1199	1.11	12×14	↓	[- -] Same	Same		Same			125472
12	514	1056/2	1.30	12×14	Illegible		Same		Same	Cf. <i>TJC</i> :257, No. 320	Hasmonean or Herodian	125505
13	591	1198	1.27	14×16	Same	Double cornucopias	1st c. BCE –1st c. CE					
							Herod (37–4 BCE)					
14	580	1177	1.34	14	↑	[- -] Anchor	Double cornucopia; between horns, caduceus		Same	<i>TJC</i> :222–223, No. 59		125501
15	505	1027	0.89	14	[- -]	Same	Same		Same	Cf. <i>TJC</i> :222–223, No. 59		125468
16	503	1040	0.78	12×14	[- -]		[- -] Anchor? in circle with Y pattern		Same	<i>TJC</i> :223, No. 61		125464
							Agrippa I (37–44 CE)					
17	524	1089	2.36	17	↑	BACIAEWC AI[P]ΠΑ] Canopy	Three ears of corn; in fields: [L]-ς	Year 6 = 41/2	Same	<i>TJC</i> :231, No. 120		125477
18	588	1194/2	3.12	19	↑	[- -] Same	Same; in fields: [L]-ς	Same	Same			125503
							First Jewish Revolt (66–70 CE)					
19	576	1175	1.71	15	↑	כְּתָבָשׁוֹת-	Year 2 = 6/68	Jerusalem		<i>TJC</i> :241, No. 196		125500
20	590	1192	3.16	17	↑	אֲמֹרָה-	Vine leaf			<i>TJC</i> :242, No. 204		125504
						אֲמֹרָה-	Vine leaf	Same	Same			
21	588	1194/1	1.05	13	[- -]	Illegible				Bevelled		125502
						Head or bust r.						

CATALOGUE (cont.)

Cat. No.	Locus	Basket	Weight (g)	Diam. (mm)	Axis	Obverse	Reverse	Date (CE)	Mint	Reference	Notes	IAA No.
Constantius II (337–361 CE)												
22	547	1125/1	1.62	14×18	↑	[DN CONSTANI]TIVS PIF AVG]	FEL TEMP- [REPARATIO] Pearl-diademed, draped bust r.	351–361	Cf. <i>LRBC</i> II:87, No. 2038			125485
23	566	1143	1.06	13	→	[D]N ARCA[D]IV[S] PF [AVG]	[SALVIS REI- PVLICAE] Same	383–392	Antioch?	Cf. <i>LRBC</i> II:103, No. 2771		125494
24*	547	1108/2	1.09	11	↑	[---]PF AV/G	SALVS R[IE]- PVLICAE] Same; in l. field: ·	393–395	Alexandria	Cf. <i>LRBC</i> II:105, No. 2907	Emperor unclear	125486
25	565	1138/3	1.03	11×13	↓	[---]	Same; in l. field: >?)	383–395		Cf. <i>LRBC</i> II:89, No. 2183	Emperor unclear	125496
Fourth–Sixth Centuries CE												
26	555	1129/2	0.75	10	[---]	Bust r.	Illegible	4th c.				125492
27	576	1167	0.17	8	[---]	Same	Same			Cast		125499
28	523	1076	0.65	7×13	[---]	Bust r?	Same					125476
29	549	1157/2	0.70	13×15	[---]	Same	Same					125488
30	566	1167	0.26	9×12	[---]	Same	5th–6th c.			Cast?		125495
Imitation of Coin of Ezana or One of His Successors, Axum (Fifth–Sixth Centuries CE)												
31	565	1138/1	0.48	10×12	↖	[---] Bust r.	[---] Maltese cross within circle		Egypt	Bijovsky 1998:98, Nos. 368–369	Cast	125483

CATALOGUE (cont.)

Cat. No.	Locus	Basket	Weight (g)	Diam. (mm)	Axis	Obverse	Reverse	Date (CE)	Mint	Reference	Notes	IAA No.
						Justin I (518–527 CE), Follis						
32*	549	1157/1	16.33	30	↓	DN IVSTI-NVSI PP avC	M Above, to l. and r., crosses; beneath: E; in ex.: CON	518–522	Constantinople	<i>MIBE</i> :96, No. 13		125487
33	514	1056/1	5.22	22	↙	[---] Cuirassed and helmeted bust facing, holding globus cruciger and shield	K Above, cross; to l.; ANNO; beneath: A; to r.: ፅ	588/9	Same	<i>DOC</i> 1:313, No. 52a		125471
						Sixth Century CE, Dodecanummiun						
34	534	1200	2.37	14	↓	[---] Diademed bust r.	I+B In ex.: ΑΝΕΞ		Alexandria	<i>Cf. MIBE</i> :152, No. 165		125480
							Umayyad, Fals					
35	514	1075	1.06	13		الله اولاً ثم عيسى بن مريم عليهما السلام			Ba'labakk	<i>Cf. Walker</i> 1956:237, Nos. 766–772		125473
36	551	1139/1	2.35	16×18		Center: margin: لا شر يك لة	Center: margin: محمد رسول الله					125490
						Uncertain Abbasid Governor: ‘Abd Allah ... , Fals						
37	534	1066	1.03	15×17		الله اولاً ثم عيسى بن مريم عليهما السلام	Center: محمد رسول الله	AH 213 = 828/9				125479
						Marginal legend: ضرب [---] ثانية وعشرون مائة						

CATALOGUE (cont.)

Cat. No.	Locus	Basket	Weight (g)	Diam. (mm)	Axis	Obverse	Reverse	Date (CE)	Mint	Reference	Notes	IAA No.
Latin Kingdom of Jerusalem Amaury (1163–1174 CE and Successors to 1235), Silver Denier												
38*	550	1111	1.23	18	↙	+ AL[ERICVS R]EX Cross pattée	+ DE [I]ER[USAL]EM Church of Resurrection	1163–1219	Jerusalem	Cf. Metcalf 1995; No. 169	125489	
39	555	1129/1	1.13	11×17		[- -] الـ	Illegible	15th c.			125491	
40	557	1201	0.61	13×15		Illegible	Illegible	End 15th c.			125493	
Mamlüks, Fals												
41	529	1054	1.13	13	Illegible	Illegible	16th c.				125478	
42	510	1036/1	9.42	17	Illegible	Arabesque ornament	AH 982–1012 = 1574–1603	Migr al-Mahrūsa	Cf. Kabaklılı 1998:444, No. 14-Mṣr-03		125470	

NOTE

¹ Ariel Berman identified Coins 35–37 and 39–41. The coins were cleaned by Gali Beiner at the laboratories of the IAA and were photographed by Clara Amit of the IAA photography studio. The article was written in February 2012; it was edited by Dafnah Strauss.

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